Mareham Le Fen C of E Primary School

Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy



Agreed by:	Full Governing Body	On Date:
		30.4.25
Review date:		
Previous review date:		May 2023

1. Introductory Statement.

At Mareham Le Fen CE Primary School, we are committed to offering an inclusive curriculum to ensure the best possible progress for **ALL** of our pupils whatever their needs or abilities. Not all pupils with disabilities have special educational needs (SEN) and not all pupils with SEN meet the definition of disability but this policy covers all of these pupils.

Mareham Le Fen CE Primary School adopts the definition of special educational needs and disability as stated in the Special Education Needs Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years (COP DfE 2015)

'A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. (COP DfE 2015 Section 1: Page 15 xiii)

A child of compulsory school age has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she:

- a. has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age; or
- b. has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools.'

'A child under compulsory school age has SEN if he or she is likely to fall within the definition above when they reach compulsory schools age or would do so if special educational provision was not made for them'. (COP DfE 2015 Section 1: Pages 15 and 16 xiii; xiv)

'Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 – that is '...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'.... 'long-term' is defined as 'a year or more' and 'substantial' is defined as 'more than minor or trivial'. This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight or hearing, and long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, and cancer. Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is a significant overlap between disabled children and young people and those with SEN. Where a disabled child or young person requires special educational provision, they will also be covered by the SEN definition. (COP DfE 2015 Section 1: Page 16)

At Mareham Le Fen CE Primary School, we will use information from parents, medical professionals and specialists.

Pupils are not regarded as having a learning difficulty solely because the language of the home is different from the language in which they are taught.

Special educational provisions means:

educational or training provision that is additional to, or different from that made generally for other children or young people of the same age by mainstream schools. (Special Education Needs Code of Practice: 0 to 25 (COP DfE 2015 Section 1: Pages 16 xv))

1.1 Inclusion

We recognise that progress means knowing more and children remembering more as a result of their time with us. We aim to give our children the cultural capital they need to make aspirational choices and

experience success beyond their time at our school. We care for each and every child to enable them to grow, flourish and realise their potential in future life.

Our curriculum is one that is broad and balanced and ambitious for all. It enables all to shine academically and flourish socially, emotionally, morally and culturally. Our curriculum enables our pupils to develop a strong moral conduct through fostering British Values.

Permeating through our curriculum are the Christian values of our school (Friendship, Responsibility, Respect, Perseverance and Forgiveness). These values link to a learning behaviour which will help our pupils to succeed in later life/the future which form the basis of our curriculum intent. These link to our school motto and vision statement which focuses on overcoming the barriers to learning faced by our pupils.

The achievement, attitude and well-being of every child matters, and inclusion is the responsibility of every person within our school community.

All children and young people are entitled to an appropriate education, one that is appropriate to their needs, promotes high standards and the fulfilment of potential. This should enable them to:

- achieve their best
- become confident individuals living fulfilling lives, and
- make a successful transition into adulthood, whether into employment, further or higher education or training.

(Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice, 2015 Page 92 – 6.1)

2. Aims and Objectives.

Our objectives are:

- to create a happy, sensitive and secure environment in our school to ensure the most effective learning for all children;
- to ensure that all pupils have full access to all elements of the school curriculum and activities within school;
- to ensure that all learners make the best possible progress; to provide for children's individual needs by supporting them in various ways: whole class, small groups, individual, and occasionally by withdrawal;
- to assist all staff in the delivery of educational entitlement and to ensure all staff are aware of a child's individual needs;
- to identify, at the earliest possible opportunity, barriers to learning and participation for all pupils and make an early, accurate identification of those who may have SEN and /or D;
- to assess pupils with special educational needs and disabilities, as quickly and thoroughly as possible, and ensure that their needs are met;
- to monitor closely those with SEN by reviewing and assessing, to enable us to recognise, celebrate and record achievements;
- to ensure parents are informed of their child's special needs and provision and that there is effective communication between parents and school;

- to ensure that learners express their views and have a voice in this process so that we value and encourage the contribution of our pupils;
- to identify the roles and responsibilities of staff in providing for children's special educational needs;
- to promote effective partnership and work closely with external support agencies, where appropriate, to further support the needs of individual pupils.

The success of the school's SEND policy will be judged against the aims set out above.

3. Roles and Responsibilities.

The Headteacher is the overall responsible person for Special Educational Provision. The Headteacher and the governing body delegate the day to day implementation of this policy to the Special Education Needs Co-ordinator (SENCO).

The Headteacher will be informed of the progress of all vulnerable learners and any issues with regard to the school's provision in this regard through:

- analysis of the whole-school pupil progress tracking system;
- maintenance and analysis of a whole-school provision map for vulnerable learners as supplied by SENCO;
- pupil progress meetings with individual teachers, school leaders and SENCO as required;
- regular meetings with the SENCO;
- discussions and consultations with pupils and parents;
- work with the SENCO to determine the strategic development of the SEND policy and provision in school;
- have overall responsibility for the provision and progress of pupils with SEND within school;
- ensure that the current SEND Report and policy are available on the school's website;
- the Head teacher informs the governing body of how the funding allocated to support special educational needs has been employed;
- attend Team Around the Child / Family (TAC) meetings, and if needed be Lead Professional, to support vulnerable children and families;
- attend PEP meetings for Looked after Child/ren (LAC) to support children and families;

The Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCO) is responsible for co-ordinating the day to day provision of education for pupils with special educational needs.

The SENCO's responsibility for co-ordinating SEN provision is:

- to write and review the SEND policy;
- to oversee the day to day implementation of the SEND policy;
- to write and review the SEND Information Report;
- maintenance and analysis of whole-school provision map for vulnerable learners;
- identifying on this provision map a list of pupils with special educational needs identifying those in receipt of additional SEN support from the schools devolved budget, those in receipt of High Needs funding and those with a current Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP);

- co-ordinating provision for children with special educational needs;
- ensuring effective deployment of resources including teaching assistant support to maximise outcomes for all groups of vulnerable learners and ensure value for money.
- liaising with and advising teachers; offering professional support;
- contributing to the in-service training of staff;
- managing other classroom staff involved in supporting vulnerable learners;
- overseeing the records on all children with Special Educational Needs and/or disability;
- implementing a programme of Annual Review for all pupils an EHCP. Complying with requests from an Education Health and Care Plan Coordinator to participate in a review;
- carrying out referral procedures to the Local Authority to request High Needs funding and/or an Education Health and Care Plan when it is suspected, on strong evidence arising from previous intervention (additional SEN support from devolved budget), that a pupil may have an on-going special educational need which will require significant support;
- overseeing the smooth running of transition arrangements and transfer of information for all pupils who transfer from one phase of education to another;
- monitoring the school's system for ensuring that specific learning plans, where it is agreed they will be useful for a pupil with special educational needs and/or disability, have a high profile in the classroom and with pupils;
- evaluating regularly the impact and effectiveness of all additional interventions for all vulnerable learners (including those with special educational needs);
- meeting **at least termly** with each teacher to review and revise learning objectives for all vulnerable learners in their class who are being tracked on the school's provision map;
- attending area SENCO network meetings and training as appropriate;
- liaising with the school's SEN Governor, keeping her informed of current issues regarding provision for vulnerable learners, including those with Special Educational Needs and/or disability (nationally, locally and within school);
- liaising closely with a range of outside agencies to support vulnerable learners;

Class Teachers are primarily responsible for the children in their classes, for addressing inclusion and for:

provide quality first teaching for all pupils, which includes reasonable adjustments for some learners;

- providing differentiation and adaptation needed for children across the ability range; including individual planning for pupils with an EHCP when necessary.
- Ensure any child with an ECHP, has tailored support to ensure they are accessing their EHCP outcomes and making the best possible progress.
- Briefing Teaching Assistants and Midday Supervisors and obtaining feedback from them to help with the monitoring and assessment of children with Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities; involving parents and ensuring a regular dialogue is maintained;
- Providing opportunities for interventions and liaise with Teaching Assistants or professional who are delivering the intervention to monitor progress.
- Complete SENCO referral form (Appendix 1) if any concerns arise for a pupil, which may lead to Special Educational Needs being identified. Ensure SENCO receives this form and discussions take place.

- Compete Identification of Needs forms to identify main area of need and what support is already in place. (Appendix 2)
- ensuring that the Headteacher and SENCO are aware of any children who meet the criteria for SEND in their class;
- writing Individual Support Plans (ISPs) and implementing targets in class;
- attend Annual Reviews for any pupil in their class with an EHCP, and provide progress updates and information for the review.
- meeting **at least three times a year** and consulting sensitively with parents and families of pupils on the SEND list, keeping them informed of progress and listening to their views, in conjunction with the SENCO; ensuring SEND pupils receive appropriate support and high quality teaching;
- gathering the views of the pupil;
- meeting with outside agencies when appropriate;
- liaise with the SENCO to agree which pupils are underachieving and need to access short term interventions but who do not have Special Educational Needs.
- provide the next year's class teacher with transition information regarding pupils on the SEN register.

Teaching Assistants will support the teacher by:

- working with an individual or group of pupils to access the curriculum;
- implementing activities designed to achieve targets on an ISP ;
- encouraging and promoting pupil independence;
- liaising with teachers, SENCO and outside agencies, giving feedback and suggesting development;
- helping to prepare resources and adapting materials;
- gathering the views of the pupil;
- attending planning and review meetings as appropriate;
- facilitating good communication between home and school;

Outside Agencies assist the school when necessary and can be called on for support and advice. (See Appendix 6- Support Agencies.) Involvement of outside agencies is through the SENCO and Headteacher.

The Governing Body

A member of the **Governing Body** has special oversight of the school's arrangements for SEND and meets with the SENCO every term. She will report and feedback at full Governing Body meetings, however the Governing Body as a whole is responsible for making provision for pupils with special educational needs and disabilities.

They need to:

- have regard to the Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice: 0 to 25 (2015)
- support and monitor the SEND policy and review it as appropriate;
- do its best to secure the necessary provision for any pupil identified as having special educational needs and/or disabilities;

- ensure that parents are notified of a decision by the school that their child has a special educational need and/or disability and of the provision the school is providing;
- ensure all teachers are aware of the importance of providing for pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities;
- are aware of the school's SEND provision, including the deployment of funding, equipment and personnel;
- ensure that a summary of SEND policy and the School's SEND Information Report is included on the school website;
- ensure that the school's information on the Lincolnshire Family Service Directory is updated;
- have SEND as an area for focus visits;
- meet with the SENCO and pupils to discuss SEND provision in school;
- complete records of visits which are shared with the headteacher and SENCO;

4. Admission Arrangements and Special Facilities

The school welcomes all children. The Governing Body do not discriminate against pupils with special educational needs or disabilities, and its admissions policy has due regard for the guidance in the Code of Practice.

The school building is accessible to all and has accessible toilets but pupils with physical needs may need extra facilities. Parents or carers seeking the admission of a pupil with mobility difficulties are advised to approach the school in advance so that consultations can take place.

5. Identification, Assessment and Provision

A few children come to school with their special educational needs already identified. The school is also open and responsive to expressions of concern by parents and takes account of any information that parents provide about their child.

All children are constantly monitored, both formally through the school tracking systems and informally. Class teachers identify pupils' needs in all areas of the curriculum from their ongoing observation, assessment and record keeping.

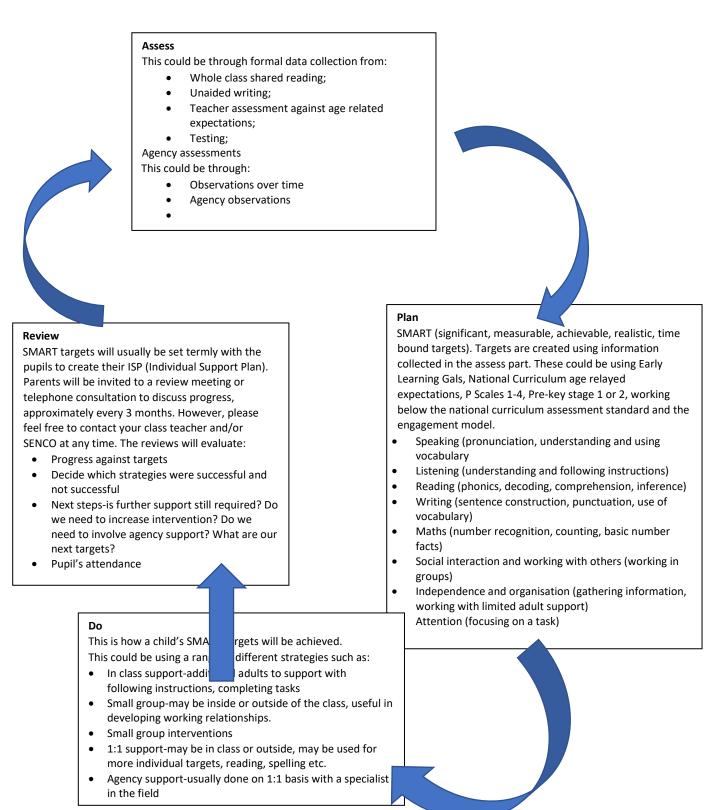
Mareham Le Fen CE Primary School is committed to early identification of special educational needs and adopts a graduated response to meeting special educational needs in line with the Code of Practice 2015. Our Identifying Special Educational Needs Pathway (Appendix 4) is followed to identify next steps.

If a member of staff has concerns about a child's progress the pupil will first receive intervention in the area of need. The pupil will be monitored within class by the teacher and teaching assistants working with the child, and their progress will be discussed at scheduled meetings.

If a child is not making the expected progress or is having difficulty accessing any part of the curriculum, the class teacher will consult the SENCO and complete the SENCO referral form (Appendix 1) in order to decide whether additional or different provision is necessary. When agreeing the provision needed for the pupil, the teacher and SENCO will agree on the area of difficulty/reason for being added to the SEND register (see Appendix 2) and will complete the Identification of Needs form (Appendix).

There is no need for pupils to be registered or identified as having special educational needs unless the school is taking actions which are additional to or different from their peers.

Special Educational Needs Support (SEN Support) – The majority of pupils identified with SEN are on the register at SEN Support. When a pupil is identified as having SEN, our school will support the child to help remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place. In our school the SEN Support will take the form of a four-part cycle as shown on the next page



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While a pupil is on the SEND register regular review meetings or telephone consultations (approximately every 3 months) with the child's parents/carers, class teacher and the SENCO will take place to create new Individual Support Plan targets (ISP targets) and review previous targets.

Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)

If the child continues to demonstrate significant cause for concern, the school will request a statutory assessment of the child's special educational needs and/or disabilities by the Local Authority. The SENCO completes the Education, Health and Care Needs Assessment Request Form (Primary Education) and submits it to the SEND Team, Lincoln. If a decision is made to instigate statutory assessment, the SEND Support continues, and an assessment takes place in line with current legislation. If the request is approved by the County the child will be allocated a Case Worker and receive an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP).

For pupils who have an EHCP, as well as the termly review of their ISPs, their progress and the support outlined in the EHCP will be reviewed annually, at an EHCP Annual Review. When pupils are due to transfer to another phase, planning for this will start in the year prior to the year of transfer. Advanced planning for pupils with an EHCP in Year 5 will allow appropriate options to be considered. The SENCO liaises with the SENCO of the secondary schools to ensure that effective arrangements are in place to support pupils at the time of transfer.

When pupils move to another school their records will be transferred to the next school within 15 days of the pupil ceasing to be registered, as required under the Education (Pupil Information) Regulations 2000.

Individual Support Plans (ISP)

Strategies employed to enable a child with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities, to progress will be recorded within an ISP. This sets out SMART (Significant, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Time bound) targets and teaching strategies that will support the pupil and that are additional to and / or different from those that children will receive through the normal differentiated curriculum. ISPs are written for all pupils at SEN support and pupils with an EHCP.

Class teachers will write ISPs ready for a SEN Support Meeting, so that SMART targets can be agreed by the pupil, parents, teachers and SENCO. If targets are discussed and need to be amended, then this will take place at the SEN Support Meeting. Parents will be given a copy of the ISP. If parents are unable to attend the SEN Support Meeting, then a copy of the ISP will be sent home. The ISP will be reviewed at least three times a year in the Autumn Term, Spring Term and the Summer Term. Pupils will participate fully in the review process according to their age and abilities.

For ease of identification and monitoring, our school keeps a Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Register with the names of children for whom there is concern. Referrals, assessment forms and all other letters, forms and records about SEND are kept securely.

ISPs are working documents and are kept in the teacher's and TA's SEND files which are kept in the classroom's cupboards.

6. Complaint Procedures

Should there be a query or complaint about SEND provision for an individual child it should be discussed first with the class teacher and/ or the SENCO, then please follow the procedures set out in the Complaints Policy.

The school will provide information about the Information, Advice and Support Service (IASS) previously known as the Parent Partnership Service to all parents of children with special educational needs. (Appendix 4) Parents may then contact the IASS for independent support and advice.

7. Staff Development

All staff take advantage of the many opportunities for further training provided within the school, from the Local Authority and online training through Teams and Zoom.

8. Partnership Within and Beyond School

Support Services

The school uses expertise provided by other professionals. These include an Educational Psychologist (EP), Speech and Language Therapist (SALT), Specialist Teaching Team (STT), Working Together Team - Lincolnshire Autism, Social Communication and SEND Outreach Service (WTT), Occupational and Physiotherapy support. Other services are available to support children with sensory impairments. (Appendix 6)

10. Parental Involvement

It is the school's policy to work closely with parents and encourage an active partnership. All staff have regular communication with parents, with parents always being consulted before outside agencies are involved. Staff are aware that:

"Parents know their children the best and it is important that all practitioners listen and understand when parents express concerns about their child's development." Special Education Needs Code of Practice: 0 to 25 (COP DfE 2015 Section, Page 79, Section 5.5)

11. Within School and Cross Phase Liaison

The Foundation Stage Teachers are in regular contact with staff at local pre-school settings and any children with special needs and/or disabilities are monitored carefully and information shared. Consultation between the SENCO and staff takes place during the Summer Term to ensure a smooth transition into school.

The Headteacher and SENCO share responsibility for ensuring that all staff are aware of children with special needs and /or disabilities. Where a whole school strategy is in place for a child, all staff are made aware of their role.

As children move from class to class it is the SENCO's and class teacher's responsibility to inform the next teacher of any children with special educational or medical needs and to ensure that all documentation is up to date. The receiving class teacher is responsible for using the documentation to inform themselves at an early stage of the needs of the children they are receiving.

At transfer to secondary school, consultation between staff takes place in the Summer Term preceding transfer. All relevant records will transfer with the child. In addition to the usual transfer arrangements,

we ensure that the SENCO from the secondary school is invited to the annual reviews of children with an Education Health Care Plan (EHCP) in Year 6.

12. Criteria For Success

The success of our policy is judged by the extent to which it enables our pupils with special needs to make the greatest progress possible. Successful individual programmes will also result in some children becoming less of a concern and being moved down to a lower stage, or being removed from the SEND register completely.

Appendix 1

		SENCO Referral Form		
Date completed:				
Name of pupil:				
Date of Birth:		Gender: Male Fer	nale	
Class:		Member of staff referring:		
Attendance:		Relationship to pupil:		
Poor Average	e Good Excellent			
Additional informatio	n (✓ as appropriate)			
Pupil Premium	Medical	EAL	Service	
	Condition			
Looked After Child	TAC	Child in Need	Child Protection CP	
		CIN		
,		rement – e.g. ASD, ADHD, Global I		
Assessment Data	Baseline	Previous Term	Current	
Assessment Data	Baseline Date complete			
Phonics				
Assessment Data Phonics Reading Writing				

Any additional assessments – e.g. ELG, Floppy Phonics, Accelerated Reader, Star Reader, Reading Age, Boxall Profile.					
Reason for referral (✓ as ap	propriate)				
Cognition and	Communication,	Physical and	Social,		
Learning Interaction /	Sensory	Emotional &			
	Speech and Language	Mental Health			
Please give more details:	99-	1	1		
What support has been put	in place?				
Support through quality firs		Group Interventions	/ 1:1 provisions / persor	nalised	
		provisions:	provisions:		
Details of relevant conve	rsations with parents?	1			
	-				

Appendix 2 Identification of Need/ Broad Area of Need

1. Communication and Interaction

"Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social communication at different times of their lives.

Children and young people with ASD, including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others." (COP DfE 2015 Page 97 Sections 6.28 and 6.29)

2. Cognition and Learning

"Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), serve learning difficulties (SLD), where children are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum and associated difficulties with mobility and communication, through to profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), where children are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment.

Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspect of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia." (COP DfE 2015 Page 97 and 98 Sections 6.30 and 6.31)

3. Social, Emotional and Mental Health Difficulties

"Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression, self-harm, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained. Other children and young people may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder." (COP DfE 2015 Page 98 Sections 6.32)

4. Sensory and/ or Physical Needs

"Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time. Many children and young people with vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI) or a multi-sensory impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning, or habituation support. Children and young people with an MSI have a combination of vision and hearing difficulties.

"Some children and young people with a physical disability (PD) require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers." (COP DfE 2015 Page 98 Sections 6.34 and 6.35)

Appendix 3

Pupils Name: Date completed: SEND Pathway Cognition and Learning Date of Birth:

Presentation of Pupil – what do they need support with?

- Difficulty acquiring English/Maths skills
- Difficulty acquiring new concepts/ideas
- Diagnosis of dyslexia
- Working memory difficulties
- Slow processing skills
- Poor fine motor coordination (untidy handwriting/presentation)
- Poor working memory (visual/auditory) which will affect ability to follow instructions
- Poor organisation (remember books/homework/how they organise their thoughts and written work
- Persistent difficulties (whilst able to learn other things easily)
- Valuable contributions but find it difficult to present ideas in written form
- Written work takes much longer to complete than peers
- Restricted vocabulary compared to oral ability: leading to poor self-image/behaviour <a>D Weak auditory

and/or visual memory

Quality First Teaching	Interventions
Word banks and glossaries	Precision Teaching
• Overlays (where appropriate)	Toe by Toe
Use of pale coloured paper	Additional Phonics
 Pre-teaching of key vocabulary 	• 1:1 Reading
 Overlearning – through starters 	Group reading
 Regular opportunities to reuse/recap/revisit key concepts and vocabulary 	• RALF
Break down lessons/tasks in to small chunks	Dyslexia Gold
 Small steps with frequent review of the key points 	Pre-teaching of vocabulary
• Repeat verbal instructions slowly and ask the pupil to repeat them to a peer	Numbots
Explicit instructions for expectations	• Write from the Start –
Written text/spoken language at appropriate level	handwriting
 Enlarge texts/cover some of texts in paragraphs to reduce amount of text 	Memory training
pupil has to focus on.	Listening activities
 Highlight or underline vital information and instructions 	
 Teaching relates to everyday experiences as often as possible 	
 Multi-sensory methods and presentation of information 	
 Record steps/note/ key vocabulary etc on whiteboards to aid memory. 	
Allow additional time when working from the board, speak slowly to	
accommodate short working visual or auditory memory	
Reduce the amount of copying of information from the whiteboard	
Encourage 'planning' opportunities before writing: concept maps, key word	
lists, writing frames	
 Pupils record/present work in a variety of ways 	
 Recognise effort and success with rewards/praise 	
Extra time allowance	
Effective use of Support/Staff	
Encourage shared/pair work	

Pupils Name:

Date of Birth:

Date completed:

Pres	entation of Pupil – what do they need support with?				
•	Diagnosis of ASD				
•	Diagnosed Speech and Language difficulty				
•	Expressive or receptive language delay				
•	Difficulty forming / creating sounds				
•	Missing consonants from the end of words				
•	Using sounds incorrectly in words e.g. replacing t or d sounds for k or g. [] Miss small connecting words			
with	in a sentence.	-			
•	Over use general words like 'thingy' 'put' 'get.'				
•	Use fillers and / or hesitate a lot 'erm' 'you know' etc.				
•	Limited vocabulary / find new language difficult to learn and use.				
•	Sentences muddled and retelling of events can be confusing to follow.				
•	Have a stammer or stutter.				
•	Find English difficult.				
•	Struggle with social interaction and making friends / other pupils find it d	ifficult to understand them.			
•	Low self-esteem / withdrawn / very quietly spoken and not wanting to co	ontribute in class.			
•	Find it difficult to listen and understand conversations and questions.				
•	Struggle to understand social rules of conversation e.g. eye contact. 🛛 🖇	Struggle to talk and listen to other			
child	Iren I Take things literally.				
Qua	lity First Teaching	Interventions			
	Pre-teaching of key vocabulary	• SALT led interventions / block			
	Unpicking of new and key vocabulary – explicit teaching of this; word webs,	Therapy			
	definition/word matching in starters	WellComm			
	Regular opportunities to reuse/recap/revisit key concepts and vocabulary	First Call			
	Repeat verbal instructions slowly and ask the pupil to repeat them to a peer	Talk Boost			
	Use of visuals prompts e.g. word mats/ banks, key vocabulary, now and	Pre-teaching of vocabulary			
	next, emotions.	• Use of social stories and comic			
• •	Visual timetables	strip stories			
	Breaking tasks down				
	Use of checklists	Reference documents –			
	Clear and explicit success criteria	Speech and			
	Care over use of abstract language	Language checklist			
	Awareness of sensory sensitivities	Checklist 5-11 years			
	Extra time allowance to complete work	Universally Speaking			
	Allowing time for child to complete sentence/ conversation when speaking -	Onversary Speaking			
	not interrupting or finishing sentences for them.				
• (Consideration to seating plan				
	Consideration to groupings				
	Clear and consistent boundaries, rewards and sanctions				
	Effective use of Support/Staff				
	Recognise effort and success with rewards/praise				
	Encourage shared/pair work				

Social, Emotional and Mental Health Pupils Name: Date completed:

Date of Birth:

Appendix 3

Pre	sentation of Pupil – what do they need support with?	
•	Diagnosis of ADHD	
•	Diagnosis of ASD	
•	Diagnosis of other significant mental health disorder	
•	Looked After Child	
•	Poor concentration	
•	Exhibit behaviours which make it difficult for them to function effectively at scho	lool
•	Continually engages in behaviour that demands excessive attention from teache	r and peers
•	Frequently disturbs teacher and peers /disrupts the education of other pupils/ ir	terrupts lessons with
atte	ention-seeking behaviour	
•	Talks out of turn /makes silly noises /constantly gets out of seat	
•	Works only when receiving attention.	
•	Withdrawn / have low self-esteem	
•	Exhibit anti-social / uncooperative / aggressive behaviour.	
•	Have low or no sense of worth – don't feel that they are liked, accepted or feel s	uccessful.
•	May experience significant difficulty in acquiring basic literacy and numeracy skil	lls
•	Often function at a frustration level and therefore feel that they fail all the time.	
Qu	ality First Teaching	Interventions
•	Careful consideration of seating plan / ensure that the pupil is sitting away from	Checking in with
	distraction, e.g. traffic areas, materials /close to teacher; with easy eye contact.	adult
•	Consideration given to groupings/ pairing /use a 'learning partner' system.	1:1 emotional
•	Clear boundaries, rewards and sanctions - use stickers, certificates, reward system.	support
•	Positive behaviour management strategies/ avoid confrontational situations -	ELSA supported
	reprimand in private wherever possible.	work
•	Tactically ignore some unwanted behaviour while praising small successes	Circle of Friends
•	Focus on the behaviour not the child's personality	Casy / Counselling
•	To finish tasks within allotted time, outline amount of work expected and check	involvement
•	Praise/rewards for completion of tasks /regular feedback on engagement	CAMHS
•	Ensure eye contact when giving key instructions to these pupils	involvement
•	Pupil to repeat instructions/explain their understanding to a peer or teacher	• PEP / EPEP process
•	Give cues that vital instructions are about to be given	Boxall Assessment
•	Ensure that there is a quiet area where the pupil may work	BOSS involvement
•	Work is at the right level so pupils can succeed	
•	Take an interest in the pupil as an individual	
•	Support in using 5-point scale for emotions / emotion fans	
•	Environment where it is safe to take risks and make mistakes.	
•	Focus on abilities and strengths /show that they are capable.	
•	Ensure targets are very specific - target specific behaviour (e.g. calling out).	
•	Whole class reward system – create sense of belonging; achieving a common goal;	
	every member is valued and valuable.	
•	Teach friendship skills to enable child to make and maintain relationships.	
•	Teach positive self-talk/ self-approval /encourage positive self-talk before	
	beginning tasks	
•	Modify teaching methods if needed - use concrete materials/one step at a time.	
•	Positive time out	
•	Effective use of Support/Staff	
C	nsory and Physical	Appendix 3

Pupils Name:

Date of Birth:

Date completed:

ventions dwriting support Vrite from the start
dwriting support
Dough Disco Tine motor skills activities Tirst Move
Fross motor skills activities Fouch typing
pecialist equipment Monitoring and Intervention from Sensory ation and Support Team (SEST) Involvement from
Physiotherapist
nvolvement from
pational Therapist
teres verseenderen

Appendix 4

Identifying Special Educational Needs Pathway

Teacher shares concerns about pupil's needs with SENCO at any time.

Teacher completes Identification of Need Form.

Shared concerns about pupil's needs with SENCO at termly Pupil Progress Meeting.

Teacher completes Identification of Need Form.

Pare with t

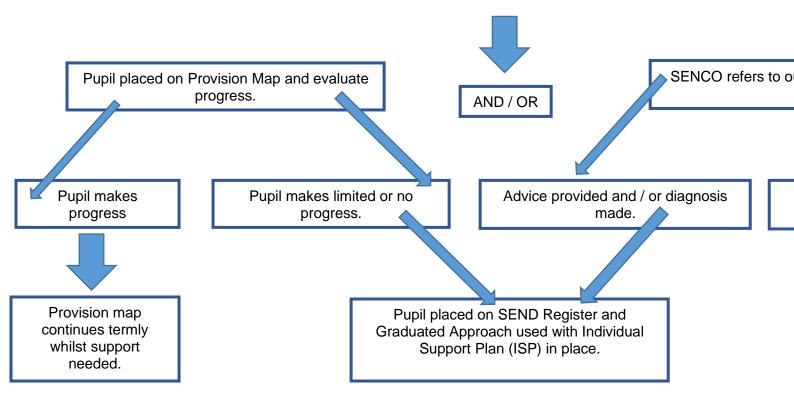
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Working Practises of Special Educational Needs and Disabilities.

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Appendix 5 – Directory of Outside Agencies and Parent Support Groups



Parents need to be kept informed at all stages.

Mareham C of E Primary School SEND Information Report - Previously known as our school's Local Offer. https://www.mareham.lincs.sch.uk/media/2020- 2021/information%20report%202022-2023.pdf	Family Services Directory - Lincolnshire FSD https://lincolnshire.fsd.org.uk/kb5/lincs/fsd/home.page Online guide to services and information on local organisations for parents' practitioners, children and young people. Find out about services in your local area.
Lincolnshire Local Offer Website that shares information, services and events for children and young people with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) and their families. Find out more information about SEND and Outside Agencies using this website. http://search3.openobjects.com/kb5/lincs/fsd/localoffer. page?familychannel=2	Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Team Boston & South Holland Telephone 01522 553332 E-mail <u>BSH_SendLocality@lincolnshire.gov.uk</u>
Information, Advice and Support Services Network (IASS) Council for Disabled Children 115 Mare Street, London, E8 4RU E-mail: iassn@ncb.org.uk https://cyp.iassnetwork.org.uk/	Liaise (SEND Information, Advice and Support in Lincolnshire) Myle Cross Centre, Macaulay Drive, Lincoln, LN2 4EL 0800 195 1635 Email: liaise@lincolnshire.gov.uk.

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Tattershall Children's Centre Clinton Park, Tattershall 01526 343858 email: <u>tattershallchildrenscentre@lincolnshire.goc.uk</u>
Horncastle Children's Centre Banovallum secondary School, Boston Road, Horncastle 01507 526603 email: <u>horncastlechildrenscentre@lincolnshire.goc.uk</u>
CANadda Support group for people on the Autism Spectrum. 01522 716899 E-mail: canadda@canadda.org.uk <u>www.canadda.org.uk/</u>
Early Support Care Co-ordination (ESCO) Telephone: 01522 552389 Email: <u>esco@lincolnshire.gov.uk</u> <u>https://lincolnshire.fsd.org.uk/kb5/lincs/fsd/service.page?</u> <u>id=scoyyvENRuA</u>
CASY - Counselling and Support for Young People 01636 704 620 E-mail: <u>office@casy.org.uk http://www.casy.org.uk/</u>
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Healthy Minds Lincolnshire 01522 309200 - Headquarters 01522 421699 - Lincoln 01205 446949 - Boston <u>https://www.lpft.nhs.uk/young-</u> people/lincolnshire/youngpeople/i-need-more- <u>help/healthy-minds-lincolnshire</u>	Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAHMS) 01522 309200 - Headquarters 01522 535189 - Lincoln 01205 354202 - Boston https://www.lpft.nhs.uk/young- people/lincolnshire/professionals/service-offer- andreferrals/child-and-adolescent-mental-health- servicecamhs
Here 4 You Line Wellbeing and Mental Health help line for advice and / or self-referrals 0800 234 6342	Lincoln Centre for Grief and Loss 19 Carlton Mews, The Carlton Centre, Lincoln, LN2 4FJ Tel: 01522 546168 Email: <u>email@lcgl.org.uk</u> <u>http://www.lcgl.org.uk/</u>

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Community Paediatric Department, Lincoln County Hospital, Greetwell Road, Lincoln, Lincolnshire, LN2 5QY 01522 512512 https://www.ulh.nhs.uk/services/community-paediatrics/	Community Paediatric Department, 101 Manthorpe Road, Grantham and District Hospital Grantham, Lincolnshire, NG31 8DG 01476 565232 https://www.ulh.nhs.uk/services/community-paediatrics/
Working Together Team - Lincolnshire Autism, Social Communication and SEND Outreach Service Gosberton House Academy, 11 Westhorpe Road, Gosberton, Spalding, Lincs, PE11 4EW Helpline: 01775 840250 E-mail: <u>outreach@gosberton-house.lincs.sch.uk</u> <u>http://website.twtt.org.uk/</u>	Lincolnshire Psychology Services Phone: 01522 244660 Email: enquiries@lincolnshirepsychologyservices.com Also contact school.
Specialist Teaching Team (STT), 9/11 The Avenue, Lincoln. LN1 1PA 01522 553265 Email: STTenquiries@lincolnshire.gov.uk	Children's Therapy Services - Speech and Language, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy. Lincolnshire Community Health Services NHS Trust Beech House, Waterside South, Lincoln, LN5 7JH 01522 309025 Email: LHNT.lincschildrenstherapyservice@nhs.net https://www.lincolnshirecommunityhealthservices.nhs.uk/o ur-services/childrens-services/childrens-therapy-services
Sensory Education and Support Team (SEST), 01522 554211 E-mail: <u>SEST@lincolnshire.gov.uk</u> <u>https://lincolnshire.fsd.org.uk/kb5/lincs/fsd/service.page?</u> id=E8_xr4GLyMc	ECLIPS (Extended Communication and Language Impairment Provision for Students) 01522 309025 Email: <u>ECLIPS@lincolnshire.gov.uk</u>
Linkage Community Trust Children and Family Support Service 01790 752499 Email: info@linkage.org.uk https://www.linkage.org.uk/	St. Francis Special School Wickenby Crescent, Lincoln, LN1 3TJ 01522 526498 Email: admin@st-francis.lincs.sch.uk <u>http://www.st-francis.lincs.sch.uk/</u>
Lincolnshire Behaviour Outreach Support Service (BOSS) Tel: 01522 684769 Email: Lincolnshireboss@family-action.org.uk https://www.family-action.org.uk/what-we- do/childrenfamilies/lincs-boss/	EMTET - Ethnic Minority and Traveller Education Team Telephone: 01427 787190 Email: <u>EMTET@lincolnshire.gov.uk</u> <u>https://www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/school-pupilsupport/ethnic-minority-traveller-education</u>

SEND Policy – Updated May 2023

Please sign below to say that you have received the SEND Policy and that you agree to the contents.

Name (Print Name)	Role in School	Signature	Date

	September 2022	